# Syllabus

## First Year – Semester I

Paper 1: Basic Mathematics and Statistics T	Total (48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week
Basic Mathematics (Lectures)	Practical: Basic Mathematics:
Integration (2), Differentiation (2),	Integration, Differentiation,
Matrices (4), Determinants (1),	Matrices, Determinants (6),
Difference tables and methods of Interpolation(4),	Difference tables and methods of
Newton's and Lagrange's methods of Interpolation (2),	Interpolation, Newton's and Lagrange's
Divided Differences, Numerical Differentiation and	methods of Interpolation (2),
Integration (3), Transported Dula Simmon's One third Formula (2)	Divided differences, Numerical
Trapezoidal Rule, Simpson's One-third Formula (2),	Differentiation and Integration (2),
Iterative Solution of Non-Linear Equations (2).	Trapezoidal Rule, Simpson's one-third
	Formula (2),
<b>Basic Statistics</b>	Iterative Solution of Non-linear Equations (2).
Statistical population and sample from a population	
	Basic Statistics
Data Types	Construction of tables with one and more
Qualitative, Quantitative, Semi-quantitative,	factors of classification (4).
Types of scales - nominal, ordinal, ratio, continuous and	
interval (2).	Diagrammatic and Graphical
	Representation
Collection and Scrutiny of Data	Grouped data. Frequency Distributions,
Primary data - Designing a Questionnaire and a	Cumulative Frequency Distributions and their
Proforma, Checking their consistency (2).	Graphical Representation, Histogram,
Secondary Data - its major sources including some	Frequency Polygon and Ogives, Stem and
government publications (1).	Leaf Chart, Box Plot (8).
	Dispersion and Relative Dispersion,
Presentation of Data	Skewness and Kurtosis (4).
Construction of tables with one or more factors of	
classification (2).	Analysis of Categorical Data
	Measures of Central Tendency & Dispersion,
Diagrammatic and Graphical Representation	Association for two - three-way classified
Frequency distributions,	data. Odds Ratio and Relative Risk (3).
Cumulative Frequency Distributions and their Graphical	
Representation, Histogram, Frequency Polygon and	
Ogives. Stem and Leaf Chart. Box Plot (5).	
ogives. Stem and Lear Chart. Dox 1 lot (5).	
Analysis of Quantitative Data	
Measures of Central Tendency, Location (4),	
Dispersion and Relative Dispersion, Skewness and	
Kurtosis (5).	
Kuitosis ( <i>J</i> ).	
Analysis of Catagorical Data	
Analysis of Categorical Data	
Measures of Central Tendency & Dispersion,	
Consistency of categorical data, Independence and	
Association of Attributes. Measures of Association.	
Odds Ratio and Relative Risk (5).	

Paper 2: Probability Theory	Total(48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week
Probability theory	Probability theory
Important Concepts in Probability(2),	Random Experiment
Definition of probability - classical and relative	Bayes' theorem and its applications. Random
frequency approach to probability (2),	Variables (3),
Cramer and Kolmogorov's approaches to probability,	Discrete random variables, probability mass
merits and demerits of these approaches (only general	function, idea of continuous random variable,
ideas to be given) (2).	probability density function, illustrations of
	random variables and its properties (5),
Random Experiment	Expectation of a random variable and its
Trial, sample point and sample space, definition of an	properties -moments, Measures of Location
event, operation of events, mutually exclusive and	(4),
exhaustive events. Discrete sample space, properties of	Random Experiment
probability based on axiomatic approach, conditional	Dispersion, skewness and kurtosis,
probability, independence of events, Bayes' theorem	probability generating function (if it exists),
and its applications. Random Variables(5),	their properties and uses (6).
Definition of discrete random variables, probability	Discrete Uniform, Binomial, Poisson,
mass function, idea of continuous random variable,	Hypergeometric, and Negative Binomial
probability density function, illustrations of random	distributions (6).
variables and its properties (5),	Continuous univariate distributions- uniform,
Expectation of a random variable and its properties -	normal, Exponential, Chi-Square, and
moments, measures of location(4),	Gamma distributions. Bivariate normal
Dispersion, skewness and kurtosis, probability	distribution (including marginal and
generating function (if it exists), their properties and	conditional distributions) (8).
uses (8).	
Standard univariate discrete distributions and their	
properties	
Discrete Uniform, Binomial, Poisson, Hypergeometric,	
and Negative Binomial distributions (8).	
Continuous univariate distributions- uniform, normal,	
Exponential, Chi-Square, and Gamma distributions.	
Bivariate normal distribution (including marginal and	
conditional distributions) (10).	
Chebyshev's inequality and applications, statements	
and applications of weak law of large numbers and	
central limit theorems (2).	

Paper 3: Sampling Techniques and Designs	Total (48Lecture + 32Practical)/ Week
Sampling techniques	Sampling techniques
Concepts of sampling vs. population (2),	Simple random sampling (4),
Simple random (6), Stratified (6), Cluster (4),	Stratified (6), Cluster (4),
Systematic (4), Multistage (4), Inverse (1),	systematic (2), Multistage (1), Inverse (1),
Non-probability (quota, purposive) (1),	Non-probability (quota, purposive),
Designs with Sample Size	Designs with Sample Size
Case control studies (4)	Case control studies (2)
Retrospective Studies (2)	Retrospective Studies (2)
Prospective Studies (1), Case series studies (2)	Prospective Studies (2)
Case reports (1)	Case series studies (1)
Cohort Studies (4)	Case reports (1)
Cross Sectional Studies (5)	Cohort Studies (2)
Longitudinal Studies (1)	Cross Sectional Studies (3)
	Longitudinal Studies (1)

Paper 4: Methods in Statistical Inference	Total (48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week
Definition of a Random Sample	Methods in Statistical Inference
Simulating random sample from Standard	Random sample- Derived distributions of a function of random
Distributions (4),	
Concept of derived distributions of a function of	variables (2).
random variables (2).	Standard Errors of Sample Mean (1),
Concept of a statistic and its Sampling Distribution	
(2), Point estimate of a parameter(1),	Distributions
Concept of bias and standard error of an estimate	Sampling Distribution of sum of Binomial
(1). Standard Errors of Sample Mean (1),	(2), Poisson (2)
Sample Proportion (1).	Mean of Normal Distributions (2). Statistical
Distributions	Statistical Tests
Sampling Distribution of sum of Binomial (1),	Tests and Interval Estimation (1) Chi-square
Poisson (1) and mean of Normal distributions (2).	(2),
Independence of Sample Mean and Variance in	t - test (1), and F statistics (2).
Random Sampling from a Normal Distribution	Testing for the mean and variance of
(without Derivation) (1).	univariate Normal Distribution (1),
	Testing of Equality of two means (1) and
Statistical Tests	Testing of Equality of two variances of two
Statistical Tests and Interval Estimation (2),	univariate Normal Distributions and related
Null and Alternative Hypotheses (1),	Confidence Intervals (1).
Types of Errors, p-values (2),	Testing for the significance of sample
Statement of Chi-square (2),	correlation coefficient in sampling from
t - test (1), and F statistics (2).	Bivariate Normal Distribution (2),
Testing for the Mean and Variance of univariate	Equality of means, equality of variances in
Normal Distribution (1),	sampling from Bivariate Normal distributions,
Testing of equality of two Means (2) and testing of	
equality of two Variances of two univariate Normal	Large Sample Tests
Distributions and related Confidence Intervals (2).	Testing and interval estimation of a single
Testing for the significance of Sample Correlation	mean and a single proportion and difference
Coefficient in Sampling from Bivariate Normal	of two means and two proportions(2),
Distribution (1),	Fisher's Z transformation and its uses (1).
Equality of Means and equality of Variances in	Pearson's Chi-square test for goodness of fit
Sampling from Bivariate Normal Distributions (2).	and for homogeneity for standard
Sampling from Divariate Normal Distributions (2).	distributions (2).
Large Sample Tests	Contingency table and test of independence in
Use of Central Limit Theorem for Testing and	a contingency table (1).
Interval Estimation of a Single Mean and a Single	
6 6	Moto-Analysis
Proportion and difference of two Means and two Proportions (2),	Meta-Analysis Systematic Review & Meta-Analysis (6)
	Systematic Review & Micia-Allalysis (0)
Fisher's Z transformation and its uses (1).	
Pearson's Chi-square test for Goodness of Fit and for Homogeneity for Standard Distributions (2)	
for Homogeneity for Standard Distributions (2).	
Contingency Table and test of Independence in	
Contingency Table (2).	
Mota-Analysis	
Meta-Analysis Systematic Paview & Mata Analysis (7)	
Systematic Review & Meta-Analysis (7)	

Semester – II	
Paper 1: Regression Analysis and Demography	Total (48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week
Regression Analysis	Regression Analysis
Bivariate Data (1), Scatter diagram (2). Product	Scatter diagram (2). Product Moment Correlation
Moment Correlation Coefficient and its properties	Coefficient and its properties (2).
(5).	Error in regression (2).
Coefficient of Determination (1). Correlation ratio	Fitting of Linear Regression and related results
(2).	(5).
Concepts of Error in Regression (1).	Fitting of curves reducible to Polynomials by
Principle of Least Squares (2).	transformation (6).
Fitting of Linear Regression and related results (6).	Rank correlation — Spearman's and Kendall's
Fitting of curves Reducible to Polynomials by	measures (4).
transformation (8).	Multivariate data
Rank correlation — Spearman's and Kendall's	Multiple Regressions (5), Multiple correlation
measures (5).	and partial correlation in three variables, their
Multivariate data	measures and related results (6).
Multiple Regression (7),	
Multiple correlation and Partial correlation in three	
variables, their Measures and related results (8).	

Paper 2: Multivariate Analysis	Total (48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week
Multivariate analysis	Multivariate analysis
Linear (8), Logistic (7),	Linear (5), Logistic (4), Survival analysis (5),
Survival analysis (7), Path analysis (6),	Path analysis (5),
Multicollinearity and Homoscedasticity and	Multicollinearity and Homoscedasticity and
adjusting for them in Regression models (4),	adjusting for them in Regression models (1),
Discriminant Analysis (8),	Discriminant Analysis (4), Factor Analysis with
Factor Analysis with its uses, including their utility	its uses, including their utility in Health and
in Health and Disease (8).	Disease(4).

Paper 3: Demography-I	Total (48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week
Census and Population Structure	Census and Population Structure
Population Censuses World and India (2), Concepts	Population change (4),
of population evolution (2), Population change (4),	Population Structure including their Stability and
Population Structure, including their stability and	its Measures (4),
its measures (6),	Fertility, Mortality & Life Tables
Fertility	Fertility (8), Mortality (8)
Concepts and Measures of Fertility(12),	Life Tables (8)
Mortality and Life Table	
Concepts and Measures of Mortality (12) & Life	
Tables (10)	

Paper 4: Demography-II	Total (48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week
Urbanization & Migration	Urbanization & Migration
Urbanization (8), Migration (6),	Urbanization (6), Migration (6),
Socio-cultural	Marriage (5),
Marriage, Education (6),	Education (5),
Population theories, Population Policies, including	Population Projections (10)
their utility in Health (8), Human Resource	
Management (6).	
Projections	
Methods in Population Projections and its utility in	
Health and Human Resource Management (12),	
Family Planning (2).	

## Second Year

#### Semester – III

Paper 1: Design of Experiments	Total(48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week
Design of experiments	Design of experiments
Process of Randomization (2),	Process of Randomization (2),
Randomized Block Designs (8),	Randomized Block designs (4),
Latin Square Designs (8),	Latin Square Designs (4),
Factorial Designs (8), Analysis of Variance (one/	Factorial Designs (4),
two way), Analysis of Covariance(8),	Analysis of Variance (one/ two way), Analysis of
Incomplete Non-Factorial and Cross-over	Covariance (4),
Designs (8),	Factorial Designs(4),
Analysis of Categorical data (8), including their	Incomplete Non-Factorial and Cross-over Designs
utility in Health and Experimental studies in	(4),
Pharmacy, Physiotherapy, Nursing etc.	Analysis of Categorical Data (6).

Paper 2: Non-parametric tests	Total(48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week
Non-parametric tests	Non-parametric tests
Definition of Order Statistics and their	Order Statistics and their Distributions (4),
distributions(10),	Non-Parametric tests; Chi-Square (test, Goodness
Non-Parametric tests; Chi square (test, Goodness	of Fit, Independence), Fisher's Exact Test (2),
of Fit, Independence),	McNemar test, Sign test for Univariate and
Fisher's exact test (8),	Bivariate Distributions (8),
McNemar test, Sign test for univariate and	Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test (6),
Bivariate Distributions (8),	Run test, Median test and Spearman's Rank
Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test (5), Run test,	Correlation test (2),
Median test and Spearman's Rank Correlation	Kruskal-Wallis test (6)
test (5). Friedman's two way ANOVA and	Friedman's two way ANOVA and Concordance,
Concordance, Cochran Q test (5),	Cochran Q test (4)
Kruskal-Wallis test (7)	

Paper 3: Epidemiological and Research Methodology Total(48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week	
Epidemiology	Epidemiology
Statistical Methods in Epidemiology of	Statistical Methods in Epidemiology of
Communicable (10) and Non-Communicable	communicable (4) and Non-Communicable
Diseases (10). Methods to Valuate test's	Diseases (4). Methods to Valuate test's Efficacy in
Efficacy in Hospital and Community Setup (4).	Hospital and Community Setup (5).
Research methodology	Research methodology
Concepts and definitions (1), Formulation of	Formulation of Objectives (2), Study Designs and
objectives (1),	Basic Analytical Methods for their Analysis (4),
Study Designs and Basic Analytical Methods for	Relevant Sampling Techniques(5), Importance of
their Analysis (5),	Sampling Size, Feasibility, drawing Conclusions
Relevant Sampling Techniques (5),	(4),
Importance of Sampling Size, Feasibility,	Critical Appraisal of Published Articles (4).
drawing conclusions (2),	
Critical appraisal of Published Articles (2L),	
Methods of Data Collection (2),	
Questionnaire Development and Pre-Testing of	
Questionnaire (2),	
Internal & External Validity (Accuracy) of	
Questions (2), Study Designs (2).	

Paper 4: Research – Dissertation-I	(No Written Examination)
Writing Synopsis, seminars to finalize Synopses,	
Preparation of questionnaire, pre-testing and	
finalizing of Questionnaire, Data Collection	

#### Semester – IV **Paper 1: Statistical Softwares** Total(48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week Introduction to Computers, Hardware, Softwares Working with Software Packages MS-Excel (2), SPSS Classification (2), Tabulation (2)Working with Software Packages and Frequency Tables (1). MS-Excel (2), Bar Graphs, DOT Diagram and Histogram, Stemand-Leaf Plots, Box Plots (4). SPSS (4), Tabulation and Frequency Tables (2). Bar Graphs, DOT Diagram and Histogram, **Summary Statistics** Stem-and-Leaf Plots, Box Plots (6). Two-way tables and plots (1). Product Moment Correlation Coefficient, Rank **Summary Statistics** Correlation Coefficient (1). Two-way tables and plots (4). Product Moment Correlation Coefficient, Rank Curve fitting by method of least squares Correlation Coefficient (2). Exponential and Polynomial (3). Regression Analysis(4), Curve fitting by method of least squares Correlation ratios, Multiple and Partial Correlation Exponential and Polynomial (4). coefficients (2). Regression equations (4). Regression Analysis(4), Rank and Inverse of a matrix Solution of set of Correlation ratios, Multiple and Partial linear equations (2). Correlation Coefficients (4). Fitting of Binomial, Poisson, Negative Binomial, Regression equations (6). Normal and Gamma Distributions (6). Rank and Inverse of a Matrix Solution of set of Linear Equations (2). Fitting of Binomial, Poisson, Negative Binomial, Normal and Gamma Distributions (6).

Paper 2: Hospital Data Management & Population Genetics Total(48Lecture + 32Practical)/Week	
Medical Records Management and its	Medical Records Management and its Statistical
Statistical Measures:	Measures:
Indoor and Outdoor Admissions Statistics (4),	Indoor and Outdoor Admissions Statistics (4),
Bed Occupancy, Average Stay, Bed Turnover	Bed Occupancy, Average Stay, Bed Turnover Rate
Rate (4),	(4), Including generating Evidence Based Medicine
Including generating Evidence Based Medicine	(EBM) using service data (2).
(EBM), using service data (4).	
	International Classification of Diseases
International Classification of Diseases	Certification of Birth and Death, Generation of
Concepts, Certification of Birth and Death,	Reports (6), Notifiable Diseases (2)
Generation of reports (8), Notifiable Diseases (2)	
	Population Genetics
Population Genetics	Random Mating, Genetical Variance and
Random mating, Genetical Variance and	Correlations, Multiple Alleles and Blood types,
Correlations, Multiple Alleles and Blood types,	Maximum Likelihood Method of Estimation, Sex
Maximum Likelihood Method of Estimation,	Linked Genes, Autopolyploid, Stationary
Sex linked Genes, Autopolyploid, Stationary	Distributions of Genes Frequency (14).
Distributions of Genes Frequency (26).	

Paper 3 <sup>rd</sup> & 4 <sup>th</sup> : Research – Dissertation-II	(No written examination)
Data Cleaning, Analysis, Dissertation Writing,	
Publication of at least 1 paper.	